



DELIVER



DE-LEVER



GROW



EnQuest 2019 Half Year Results



Amjad Bseisu
Chief Executive



Purpose

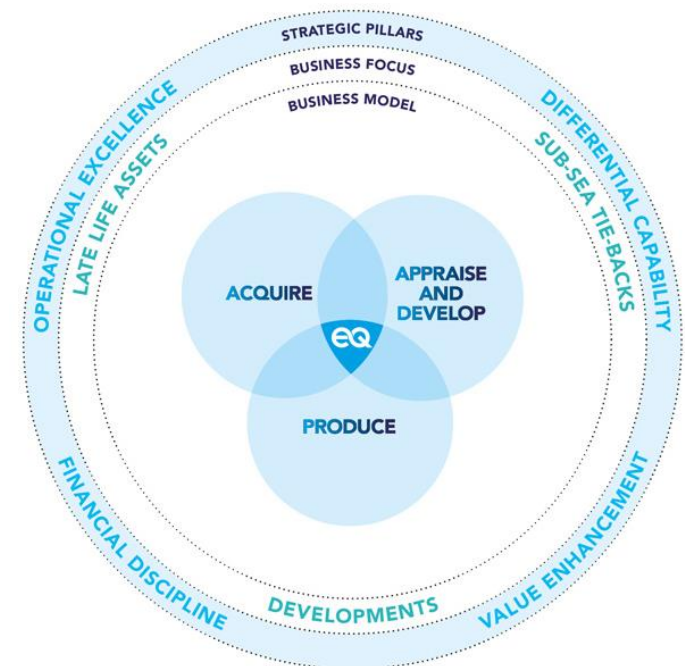
- With hydrocarbons expected to remain a key element of the global energy mix for many years, EnQuest is focused on enhancing hydrocarbon recovery and extending the useful lives of assets in a profitable and responsible manner, helping to fulfil energy demand requirements as part of the transition to a sustainable lower-carbon world

Strategic vision

- To be the operator of choice for maturing and underdeveloped hydrocarbon assets

Focused business model

- A production and development led E&P business
- Utilises EnQuest's core strengths
- Value-accretive portfolio opportunities continue to be assessed



EnQuest priorities

“Deliver, de-lever, grow”



Deliver

Production
Cost control
Capital discipline



De-lever

Scheduled bank amortisation
Targeting net debt:EBITDA ratio of 1-2x



Grow

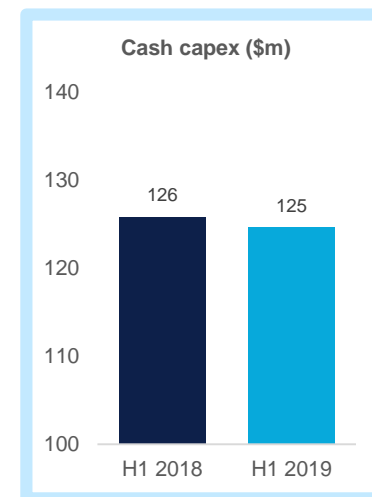
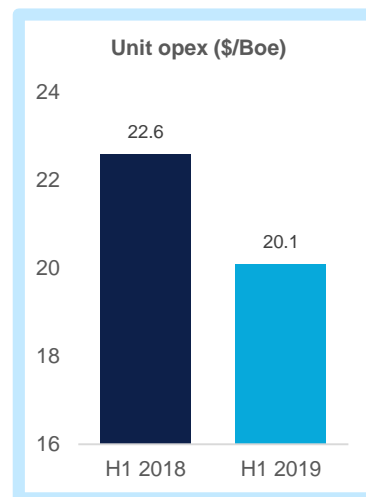
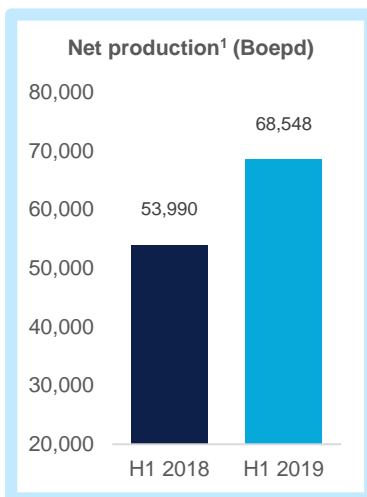
Develop asset base
Consider selective, value enhancing acquisitions

EnQuest H1 2019 performance

On track to meet operational and financial targets



Deliver



- Production increased c.27% to 68,548 Boepd
- Unit opex decreased by c.11% to c.\$20/Boe
 - Magnus unit opex now c.\$20/Boe, down from c.\$60/Boe in 2015
 - Full year opex guidance reduced to c.\$550 million from c.\$600 million
- Cash capital expenditure was c.\$125 million
 - Kraken DC4 drilling programme completed
 - Dunlin bypass and Scolty/Crathes pipeline projects completed ahead of budget and schedule

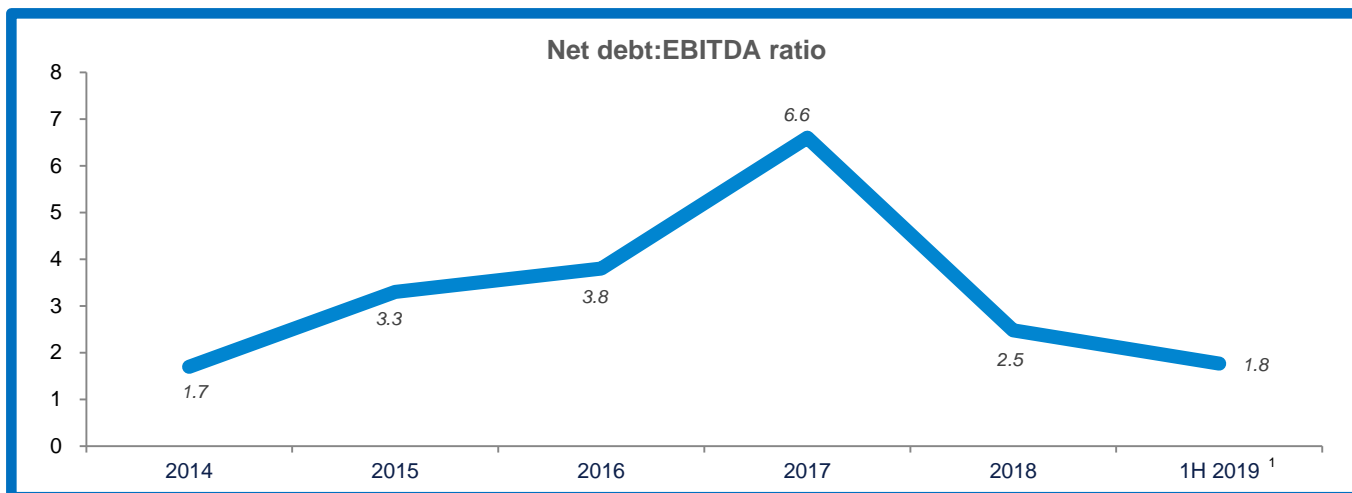
¹ Net working interest

EnQuest H1 2019 performance

Debt reduction continuing; net debt:EBITDA at 1.8x¹



De-lever



- Group net debt is \$1,638 million; 8% lower vs year end 2018
- Net debt:EBITDA ratio¹ at 1.8x, ahead of target of 2x by year end
- \$55 million early repayment of October amortisation reduced credit facility to \$625 million at end June
 - \$10 million additional voluntary reduction in July

¹ H1 2019 represents end June 2019 net debt and the last twelve months EBITDA to end June 2019

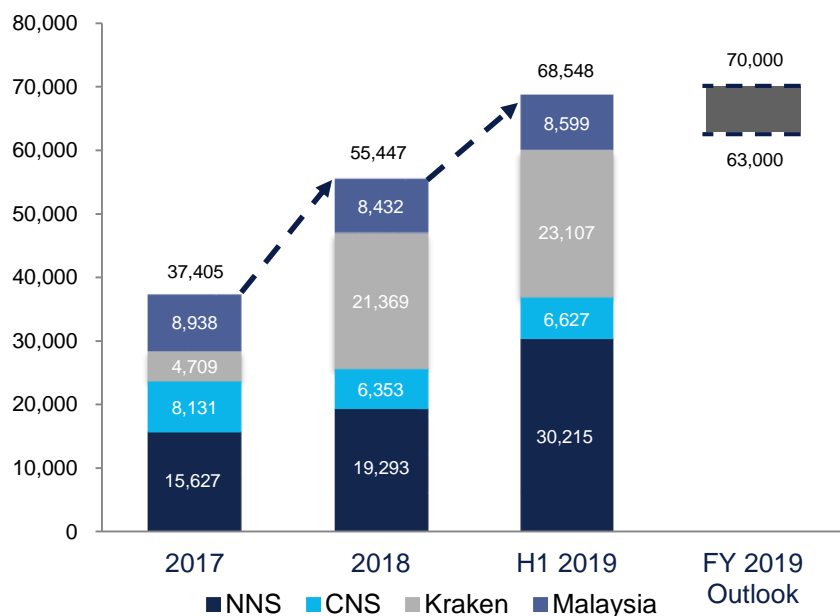
EnQuest H1 2019 performance

Magnus acquisition driving growth



Material increase in production to 68,548 Boepd
Full year guidance of 63,000 to 70,000 Boepd unchanged

Annual net production¹ (Boepd)



✓ Developing reserves and resources through low cost drilling and workovers

- Kraken: DC4 completed in H1 2019
- Magnus: two-well infill campaign commences in Q4 2019
- PM8/Seligi: idle well restoration; two-well 2019 programme underway

¹ Net working interest

Responsibly extending the useful lives of assets

Focused on Safe Results

Environmental



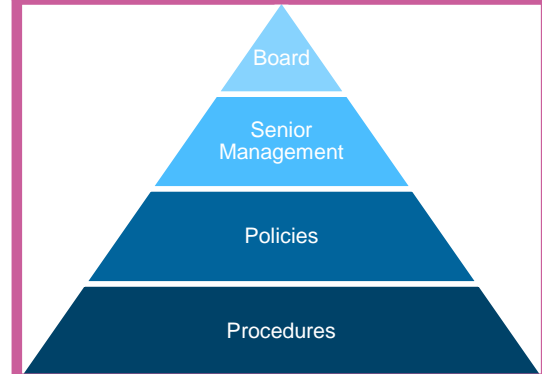
- Minimising emissions
 - Flaring c.45% below regulatory limits in Malaysia
 - Fuel gas used for offshore power, compression and in boilers
- High production efficiency reduces emissions intensity

Social



- Malaysia leadership team is 27% female
- Sponsored Women in Engineering events
- Active participant in the UK D&I network "AXIS"
- Student sponsorship in Malaysia and Shetland Islands

Governance



- Active management of Board composition
- Robust risk management framework
- Values driven
- Focus on stakeholder engagement
- UK Corporate Governance Code compliant

Operations overview



Bob Davenport
Managing Director - North Sea



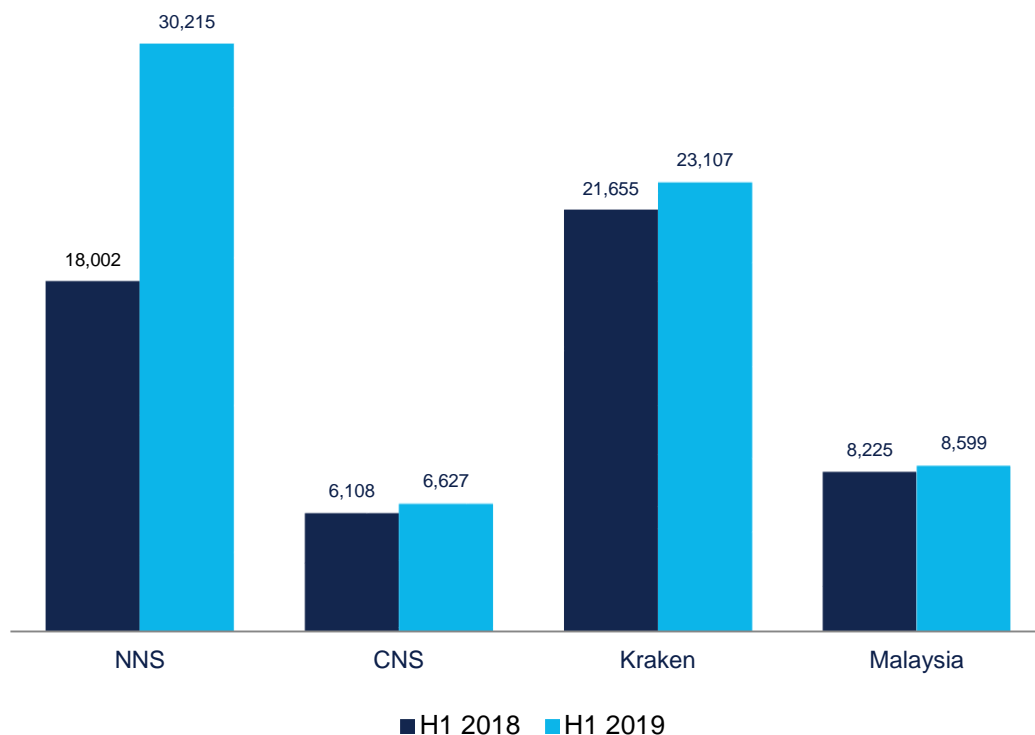
Production performance

Growth of c.27%; within the guidance range



H1 2019: 68,548 Boepd¹

H1 2018: 53,990 Boepd¹



Production growth:

✓ Delivered

- Strong production efficiency
- Additional equity interest, well work and plant de-bottlenecking at Magnus
- 2018 Alma/Galia ESP replacements
- Improved Kraken FPSO uptime performance and impact of DC4 wells
- Successful idle well restoration programme at PM8/Seligi

¹ Net working interest

H1 2019 operational delivery

Strong Magnus performance; pipeline projects completed early

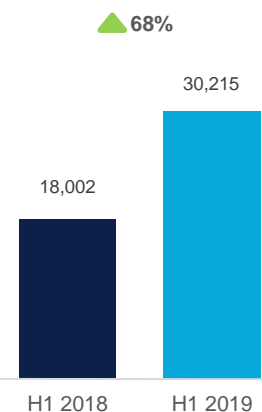


Northern North Sea

Magnus
Heather/Broom
Thistle/Deveron
The Dons

- Magnus performance in line with expectations
 - High production efficiency; reservoir management; well work; plant debottlenecking
 - Future prospects under evaluation
- Heather: single compressor operations
- High levels of production and water injection efficiency at Thistle
- Dunlin bypass project online ahead of schedule

Net production (Boepd)

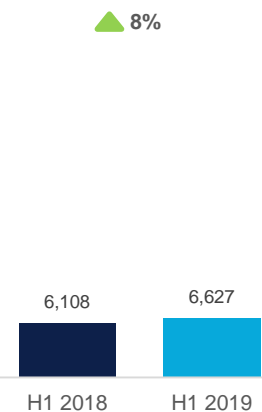


Central North Sea

Scolty/Crathes
Alma/Galia
Kittiwake
Alba

- High production efficiency
- Positive impact of 2018 ESP replacement programme at Alma/Galia
- Scolty/Crathes replacement pipeline online ahead of schedule

Net production (Boepd)



H1 2019 operational delivery cont.

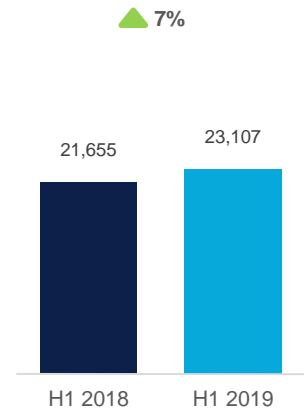
Kraken performance improved; successful IWR in Malaysia



Kraken

- Improving production efficiency
 - Power engine performance; plant stability; spares management
- DC4 wells producing ahead of expectations
- Further improvement initiatives ongoing
- Western Flank: Worcester target approved for drilling in 2020; assessing further potential
- Guidance of 30,000-35,000¹ Bopd reaffirmed

Net production (Boepd)

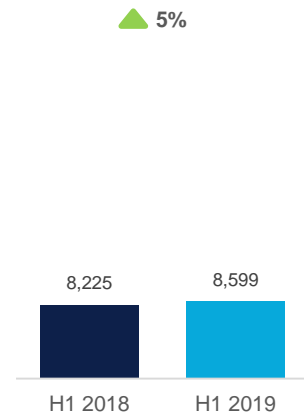


Malaysia

PM8/Seligi
Tanjung Baram

- Excellent production efficiency at PM8/Seligi
- Idle well restoration programme ahead of schedule; restored 10 wells to production
- 2-well drilling programme commenced in July
- Future drilling targets being assessed

Net production (Boepd)



¹ Gross working interest

Enhancing performance at Magnus

Improving efficiency, lowering costs and enhancing production



Improved efficiency with PE at c.80%

- Improved power system reliability
- Increased water handling capacity
- Focused maintenance management

Unit opex down from c.\$60/Boe to c.\$20/Boe

- Revised reservoir management reducing gas injection requirements
- Logistics, supply chain and manpower efficiencies

Production increased to c.18,000 Boepd

- 2-well drilling programmes in 2018 and 2019
 - 2019 wells capex c.\$8/Boe
- Well interventions
- Optimised reservoir management



Future opportunities

- Drilling and well interventions
- Low pressure operations
- Produced water debottlenecking
- Increased water injection
- Optimised maintenance and inspections
- Effective late-life cost management

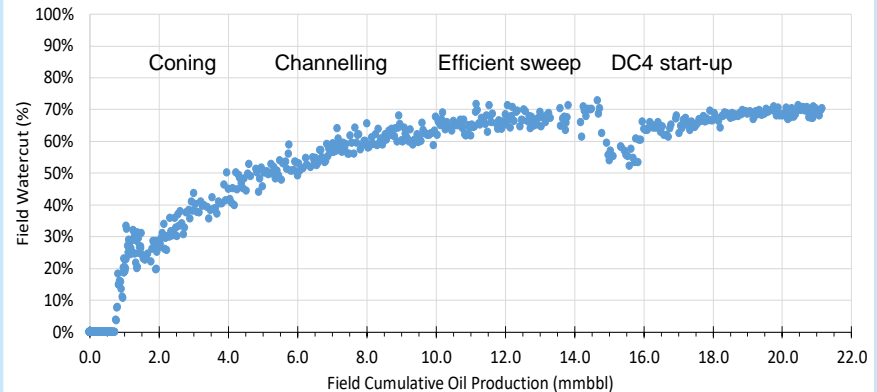
Kraken field development

Subsurface & wells performing; Western Flank project planned

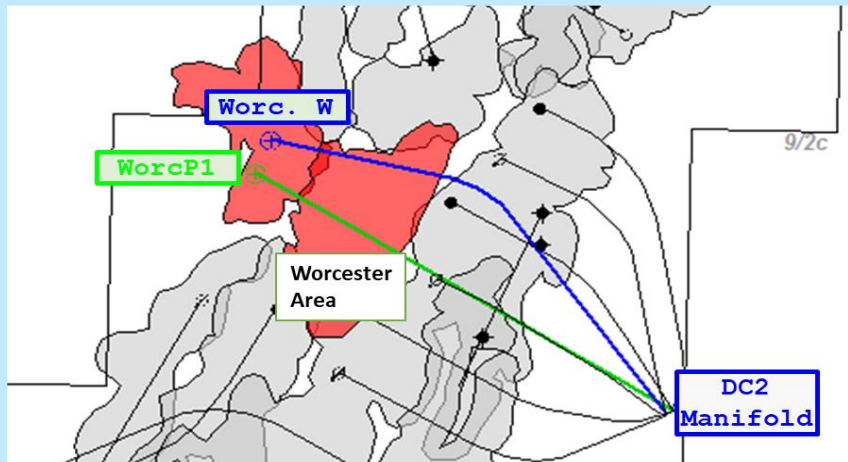


- Continued strong reservoir and well performance
- Water cut has remained stable
- DC4 wells delivered above pre-drill projections
- Additional well testing has improved field understanding for better water injection strategies and production optimisation
- Focus is on maintaining production efficiency and high production rates

Water cut trend



Worcester development in 2020



- First development of the Western Flank
- Two well producer-injector pair development scheme approved for drilling
- Will utilise spare slots at DC2
- Targeting c.11-19 MMbbls STOIIP
- Estimated drilling cost c.\$14/Boe



Financial review



Jonathan Swinney
Chief Financial Officer

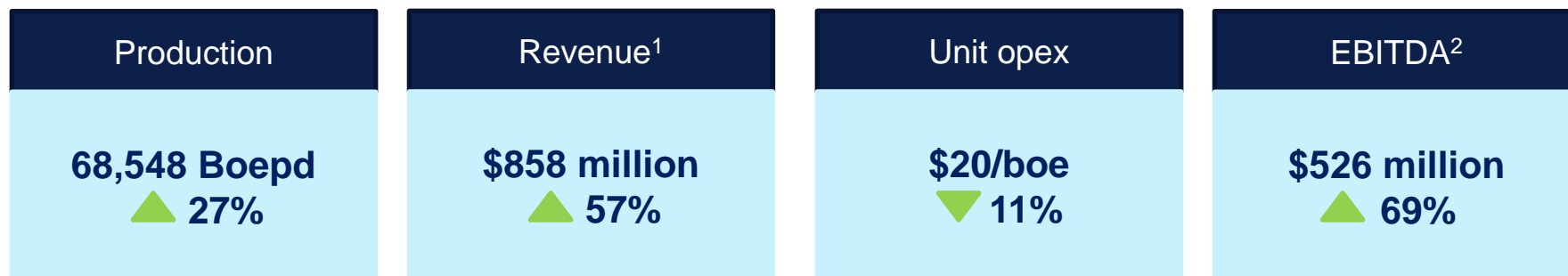


Results summary

Strong H1 2019 performance



Unless otherwise stated all figures are on a Business performance basis and are in US Dollars
 Comparative figures for the income statement relate to the period ended 30 June 2018 and the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018.



¹ Including gains of \$7.6 million (H1 2018: loss of \$77.3 million) associated with EnQuest's oil price hedges

² EBITDA is calculated on a Business performance basis and is calculated by taking profit/loss from operations before tax and finance income/(costs) and adding back depletion, depreciation, foreign exchange movements, inventory revaluation and the realised gains/loss on foreign currency derivatives related to capital expenditure

³ Net debt represents cash and cash equivalents less borrowings, stated including PIK but excluding accrued interest and the net-off of unamortised fees and IFRS 9 Financial Instruments adjustments

Operational expertise

Growing production while maintaining cost discipline

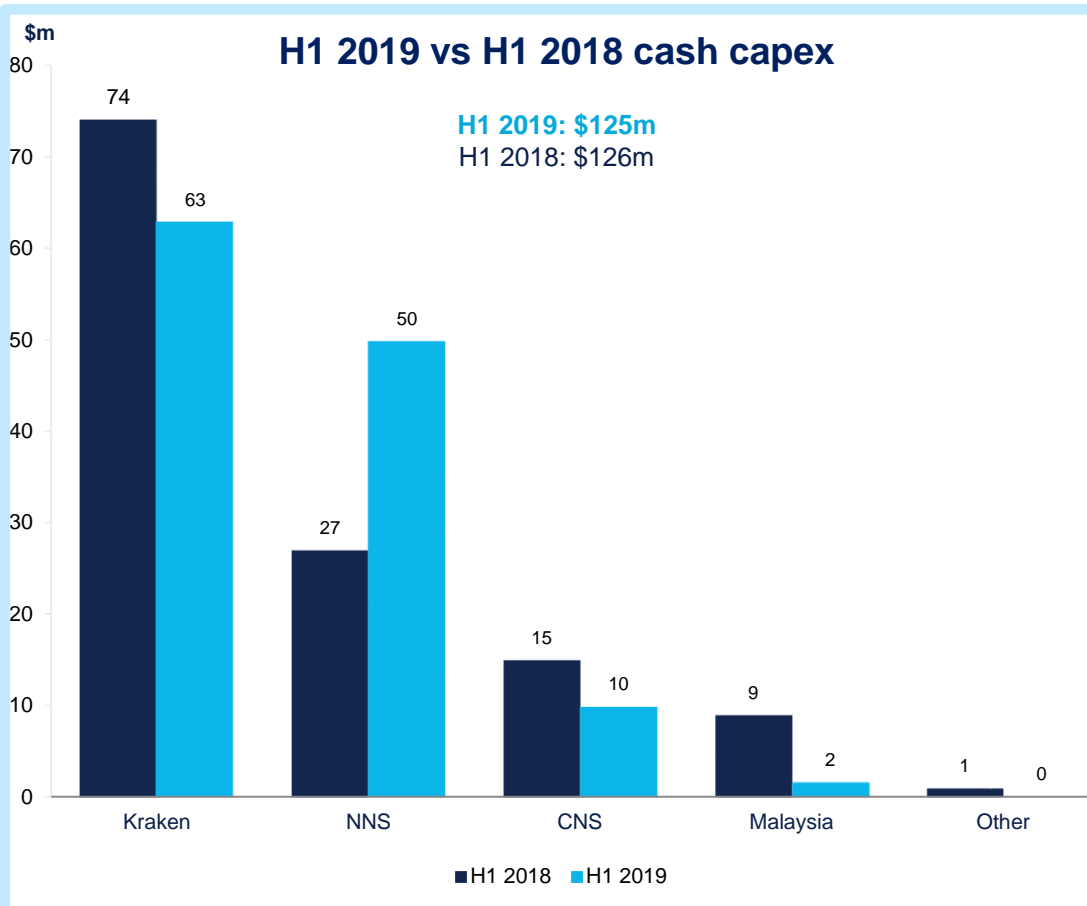


	2016	2017	2018	H1 2019	2019 Outlook
<i>Production (Boepd)</i>	39,751	37,405	55,447	68,548	63,000 to 70,000
Operating expense (\$ million)	357	349	466	248	c.550
Unit operating cost (\$/Boe)					
- Production costs	20.4	21.0	19.6	16.9	
- Tariff and transportation costs	4.2	4.6	3.4	3.2	
- Operating costs	24.6	25.6	23.0	20.1	

- ✓ Revised Magnus reservoir strategy
- ✓ Hub approach to logistics, maintenance and inspections
- ✓ Effective supply chain management
- ✓ Lowering SVT costs has helped lower tariff expense

Capital discipline

Focused development spend to drive returns



H1 2019 cash capex of \$125 million:

✓ Delivered

- Kraken DC4 wells and prior period deferrals
- Dunlin bypass construction and installation

H2 2019 cash capex outlook of c.\$150 million:

✓ Underpins production

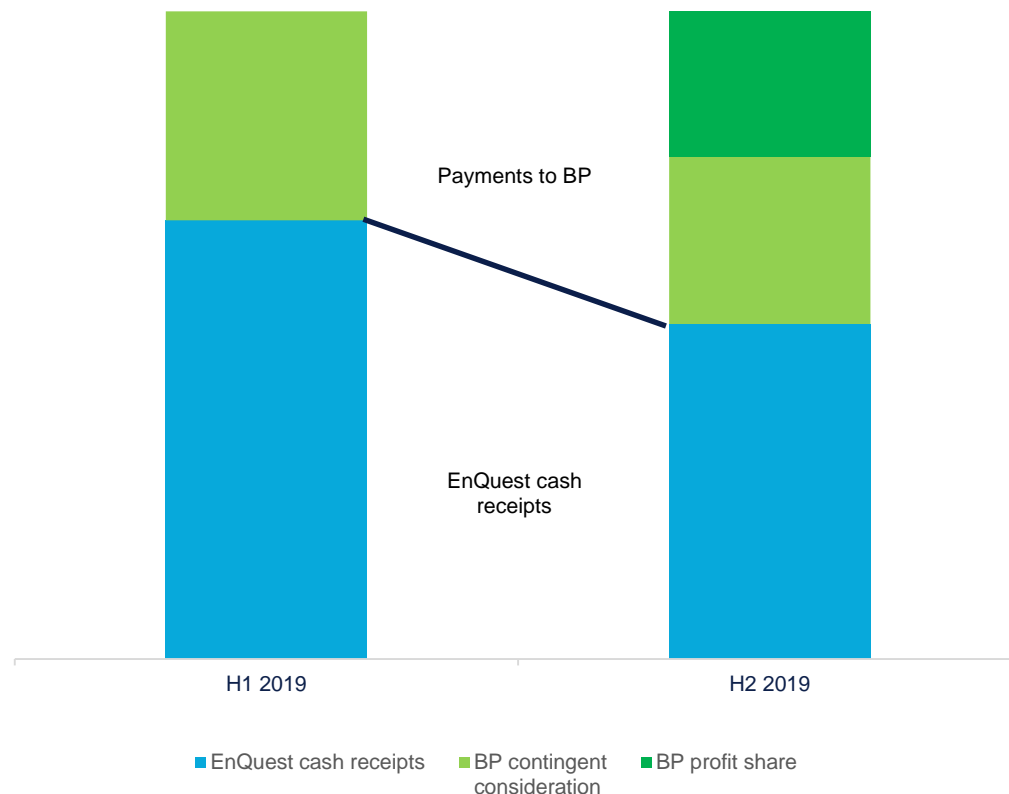
- Magnus and PM8/Seligi drilling
- Pipeline projects
- Contractual deferrals

Magnus enters profit share in H2 2019

EnQuest \$100m cash consideration repaid during H2 2019



Illustrative Magnus cash waterfall



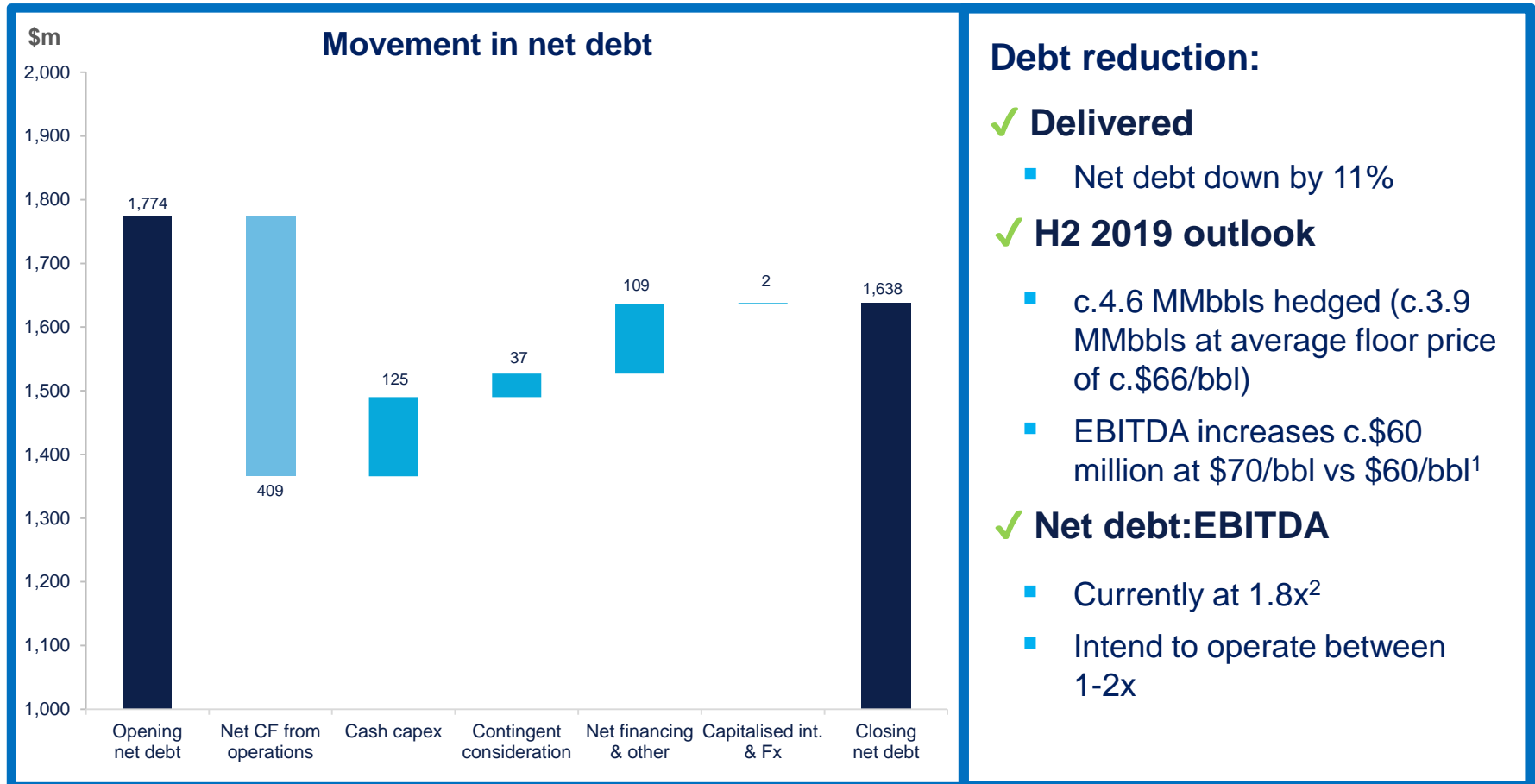
✓ Strong performance at Magnus driving:

- Accelerated repayment of BP Vendor loans
 - 25% vendor loan fully repaid in August
- EnQuest \$100 million cash consideration plus interest repaid ahead of expectations
 - Paid back in c.12 months
- Profit share with BP increased and commencing earlier than planned

EnQuest H2 2019 net cash receipts expected to be lower than H1 2019

Net debt and cash flow

Strong cash generation and cost control driving debt reduction

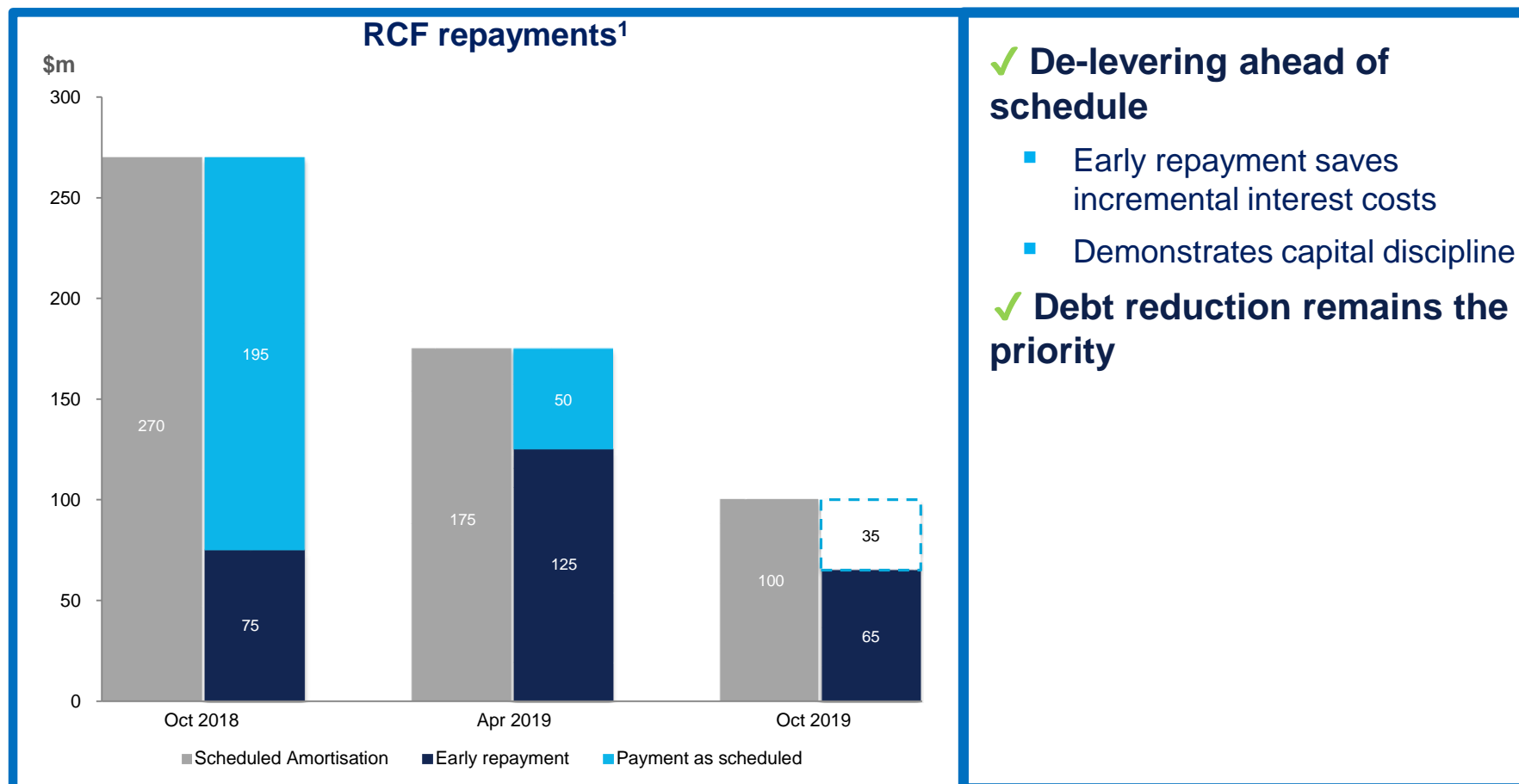


¹ Based on full year production at the mid-point of 2019 production guidance of 63,000 to 70,000 Boepd

² H1 2019 represents end June 2019 net debt and the last twelve months EBITDA to end June 2019

Repaying ahead of amortisation schedule

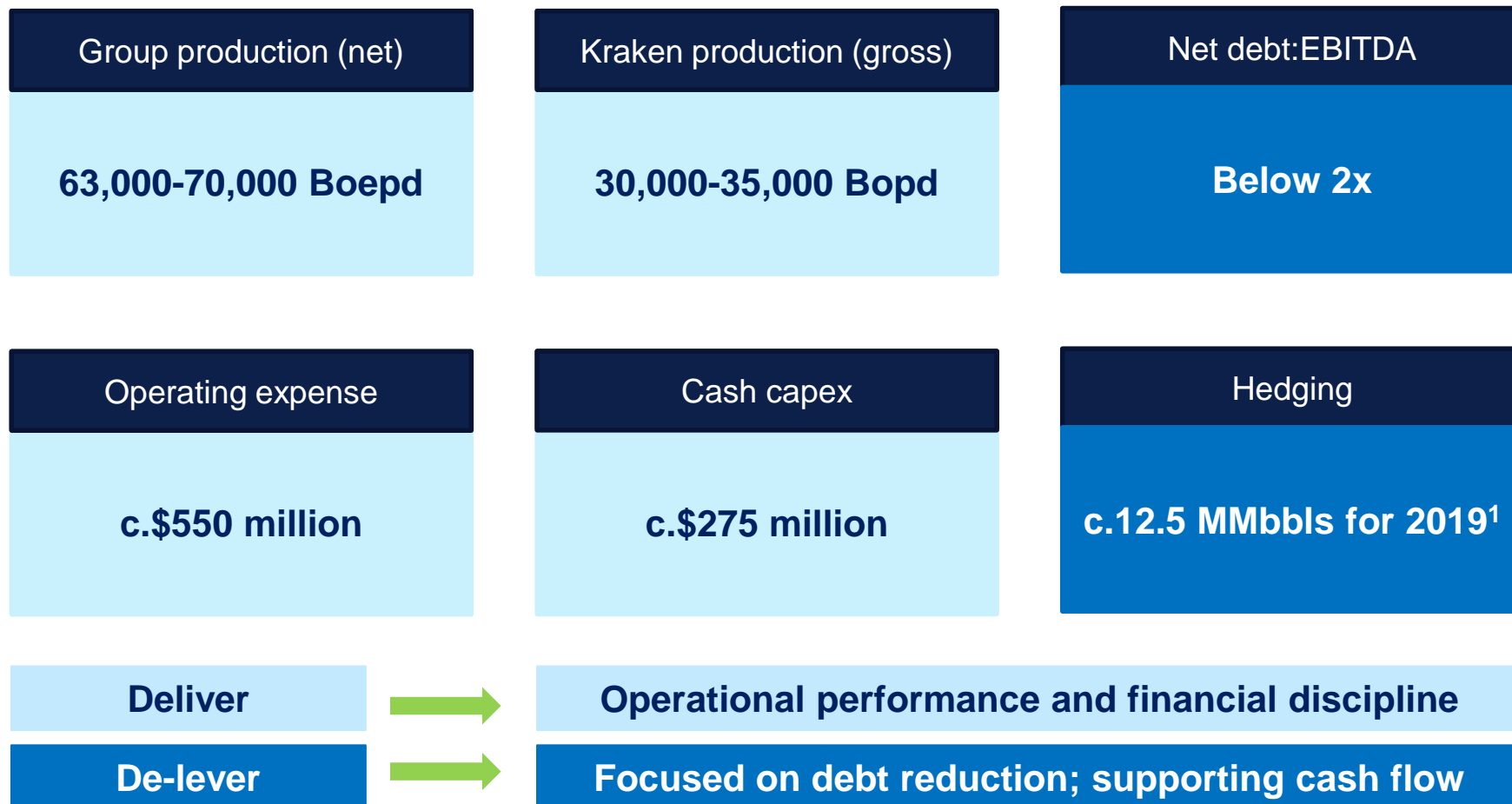
Facilitated by strong cash generation



¹ Based on end July credit facility position

2019 Outlook

On track to meet targets; debt reduction remains the priority



¹ For the last six months of 2019, EnQuest has hedges in place for c.4.6 MMbbls of oil. Approximately 3.9 MMbbls are hedged at an average floor price of c.\$66/bbl, with a further c.0.7 MMbbls hedged with an average floor price of c.\$56/bbl in accordance with the Oz Management facility agreement



Amjad Bseisu
Chief Executive



EnQuest performance summary



Strong first half performance; de-levering prioritised



Deliver

- **Production growth:** H1 2019 up 27% at 68,548 Boepd
- **Cost control:** H1 2019 unit opex down 11% at \$20/boe
- **Capital discipline:** Completed Kraken DC4 programme and Dunlin bypass and Scolty/Crathes pipeline projects



De-lever

- **Scheduled amortisation:** Cash flow facilitating accelerated payments
- **Targeting net debt:EBITDA of 1-2x:** ratio 1.8x¹ at end June



Grow

- **Potential for near-field, short-cycle opportunities:** Kraken Western Flank 2-well drilling programme planned for 2020
- **Substantial 2C resources:** evaluating opportunities at Kraken, Magnus and PM8/Seligi

¹ H1 2019 represents end June 2019 net debt and the last twelve months EBITDA to end June 2019

Future resource maturation opportunities

Part of a balanced capital allocation process



Magnus

2C resources – 50 MMboe

- Annual drilling programme with strong economics
- Further drilling upside with target maturation in progress
- Production, reservoir and late-life cost management

Future upside

- c.270 MMbbls of movable oil

Kraken

2C resources – 38 MMboe

- Western Flank has c.100 MMbbls STOIP
 - Assessing drilling opportunities
 - Enhanced oil recovery through polymer flood

Future upside

- Maureen sands under evaluation (c.20-40 MMbbls STOIP)

PM8/Seligi

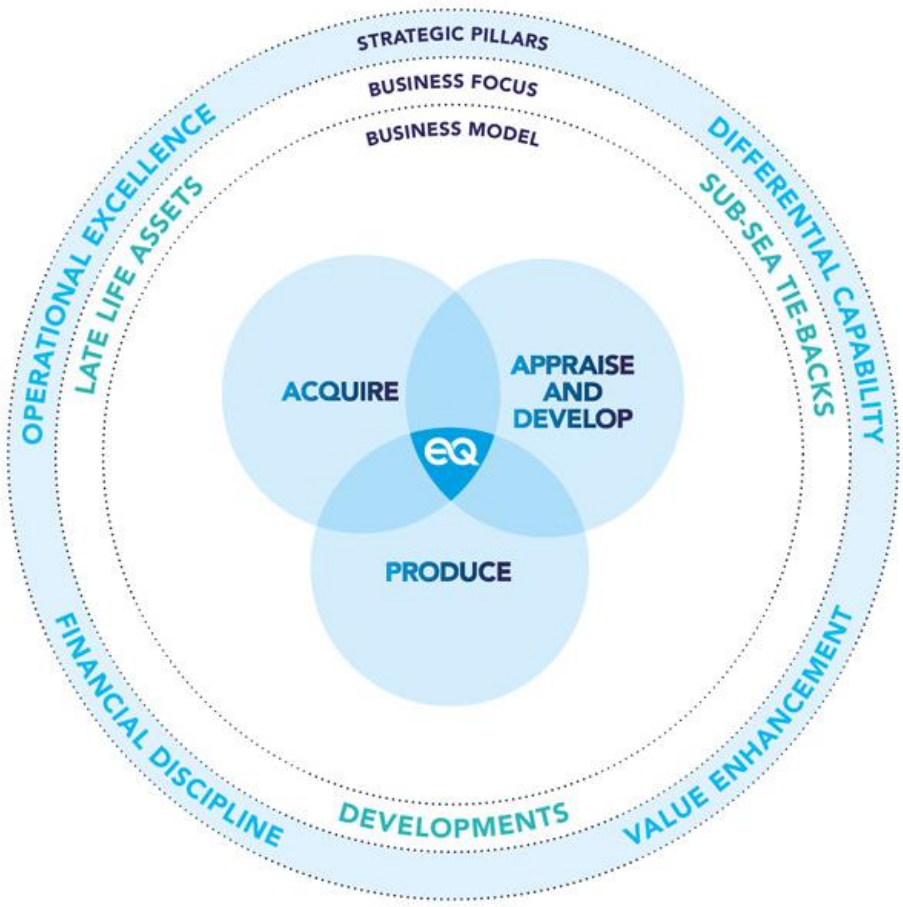
2C resources – 68 MMboe

- Large opportunity hopper with strong economics
 - Additional low-cost drilling and workovers
 - PM8 gas opportunity
- Improved recovery through gas injection/water flood

Future upside

- Seligi gas development
 - Potential future 2C of >3.5 tcf GIIP
 - Requires commercial agreements

Questions & Answers



Appendices



Group tax position

No material UK cash CT/SCT on operational activities expected



UK Tax Allowances	\$m
Tax losses at 31 December 2018	3,125.3
2018 utilisation	(217.8)
2018 RFES	80.3
Prior year adjustment	11.3
Tax losses at 30 June 2019	2,999.0
Tax allowances carried forward	91.4
Total tax losses and allowances at 30 June 2019	3,090.4

- No material cash tax expected to be paid on UK operation activities for the foreseeable future
- Small cash tax payments are expected in Malaysia on the PM8/Seligi PSC

Group tax position

Effective tax rate reconciliation



ETR	%	\$m's
Profit Before Tax		38.7
UK CT Rate	(40.0)	(15.5)
RFES		32.1
UK and overseas tax rate differences		(13.0)
Permanent items		(7.4)
Other, including IFRS interim reporting adjustment		9.3
1H 2019 Tax (Charge)/Credit	14.2	5.5

\$78.3 million post-tax loss was primarily made up of:

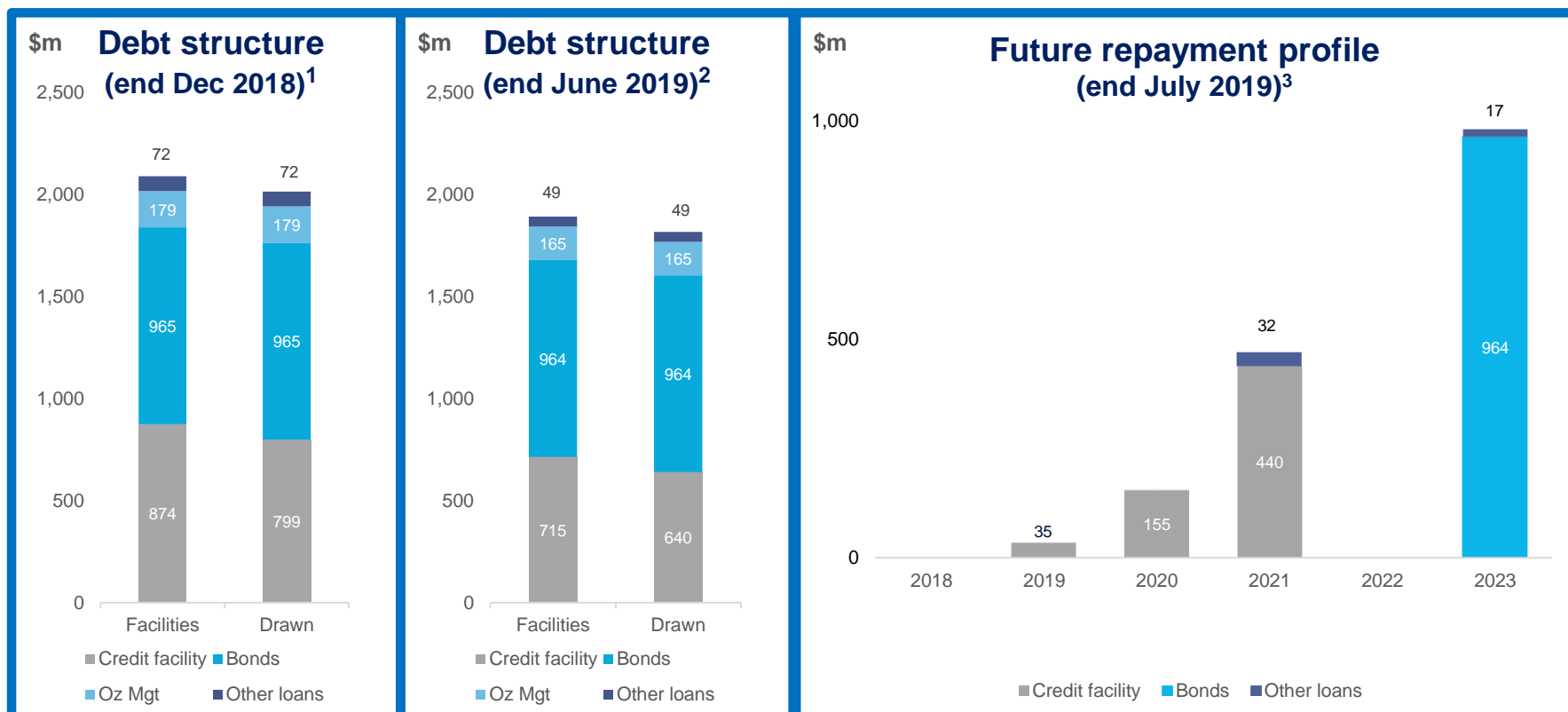
- Increased contingent consideration associated with the acquisition of 75% interest in Magnus of \$33.0 million, comprising
 - \$26.9 million associated with additional fair value recognised in the period
 - \$28.1 million unwinding of discount; partially offset by
 - \$22.0 million deferred tax asset

- Post-tax unrealised loss on commodity derivatives of \$25.8 million

- Post-tax settlement of the historical KUFPEC claim of \$15.6 million

Debt structure

Long-dated, manageable repayment structure



- Scheduled amortisation on credit facility with long-dated bond repayment
 - Cash flows facilitating accelerated repayment of credit facility
- Oz Management facility repaid out of ring-fenced cash flow over 5 years

¹ Includes PIK on the Bonds (\$117.6 million) and bank debt (\$14.4 million), along with capitalised interest on the Oz Management facility (\$3.5 million)

² Includes PIK on the Bonds (\$117.4 million) and bank debt (\$15.1 million), along with capitalised interest on the Oz Management facility (\$7.4 million)

³ Includes PIK on the Bonds (\$117.4 million) and bank debt (\$15.1 million)

IFRS 16 impact summary for H1 2019

Minimal overall impact



- Immaterial increase in EBITDA / decrease in PBT
 - Operating cost is replaced with DD&A and finance interest charge
- At 1 January 2019
 - Kraken FPSO finance lease reclassified to “right-of-use assets” from “oil & gas assets”
 - Recognised leases for three properties and three vessels in Malaysia (\$79.5 million asset/liability)
- In the period ended 30 June 2019
 - Supply vessel contract entered into in year (\$8.1 million asset/liability)

EnQuest: 8 Hubs

A strong platform for growth



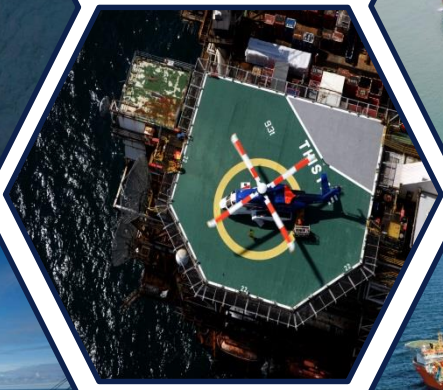
Heather/Broom



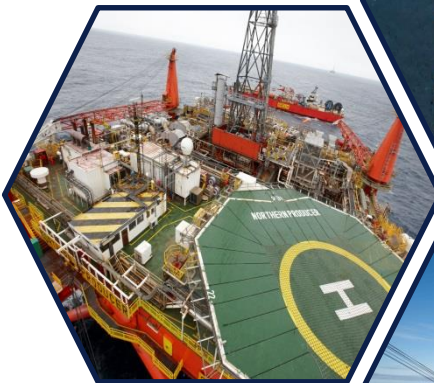
Kraken



Thistle/Deveron



The Dons



Magnus



Greater Kittiwake Area



Alma/Galia



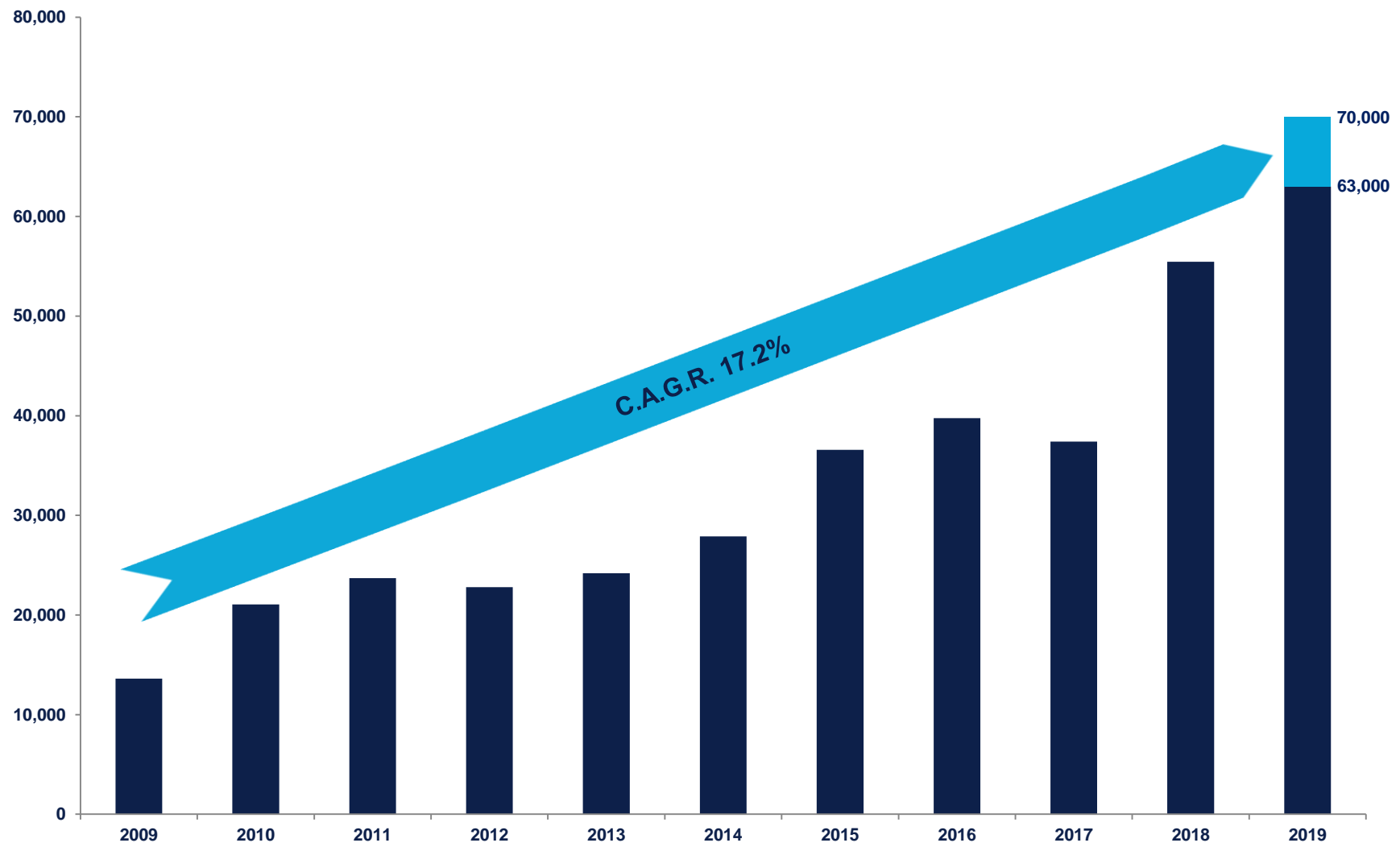
PM8/Seligi

Well set for substantial growth

Strong CAGR (c.17.2% to 2019 mid-point)



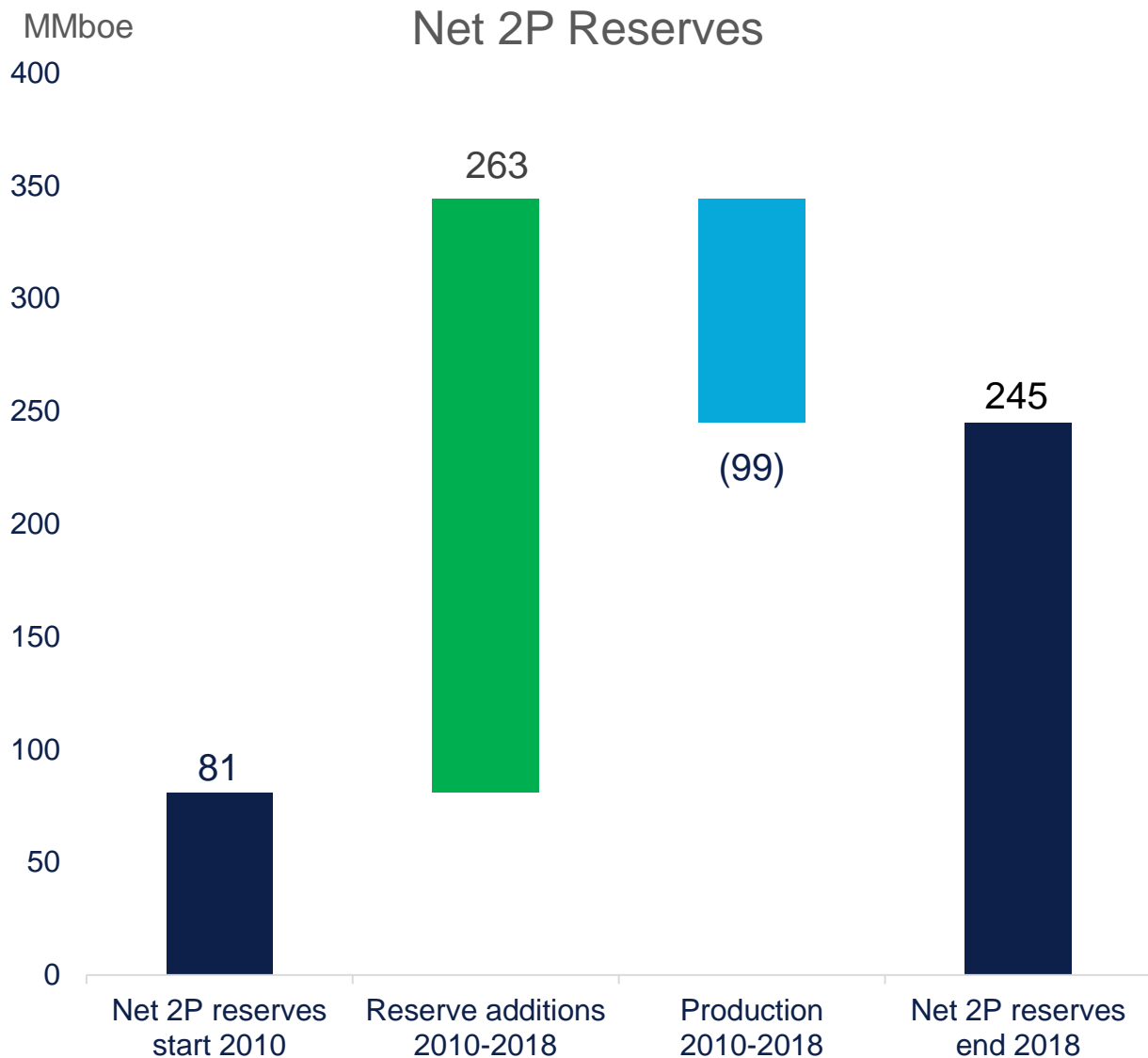
Average net production (Boepd)



Guidance range for 2019 is an average of between 63,000 Boepd and 70,000 Boepd


Strong reserves growth since creation


Reserve life c. 13 years



Operational growth beyond 2019

Selected portfolio opportunities

Deliver		2P Reserves				
	Late-life asset / life extension	Platform drilling	Infill drilling	Well intervention	Plant improvements	Sub-sea tie-back
Magnus	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Kraken			✓		✓	✓
PM8/Seligi	✓		✓	✓		
Thistle/Deveron	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Heather/Broom	✓	✓	✓	✓		

Grow		2C Resources				
	Late-life asset / life extension	Platform drilling	Infill drilling	Well intervention	Enhanced recovery	Sub-sea tie-back
Magnus	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Kraken			✓		✓	✓
PM8/Seligi	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Heather/Broom	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Eagle						✓
The Dons	✓		✓	✓		✓

This presentation may contain certain forward-looking statements with respect to EnQuest's expectation and plans, strategy, management's objectives, future performance, production, costs, revenues, reserves and other trend information. These statements and forecasts involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that may occur in the future. There are a number of factors which could cause actual results or developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements and forecasts. The statements have been made with reference to forecast price changes, economic conditions and the current regulatory environment.

Nothing in this presentation should be construed as a profit forecast. Past share performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance.